FORMAL, INFORMAL & NON FORMAL

EDUCATION

EDUCATION DEFINED

- The term "education" as outlined by Taneja (1990) originates from two Latin words "educare" which means " bring up" and " educere", meaning " bring forth".
- In essence, the term suggests maintenance and transmission of life through endowing one with intelligence, industriousness and ensuring

progress.

>Education, therefore-Leads to individual creativity

and improved participation in:

- ➤ social,
- > economic,
- Cultural and
- >political life of society, and

>hence to a more effective contribution to human development", (Kelly, 1999:03). >Education goes beyond what takes places within the

classroom environment.

>A child gets the education from his experiences outside

the school as well as from those within.

There are three main forms of education,

i. Formal,

ii. Informal and

iii. Non-formal.

• Each of these types is discussed below.

FORMAL EDUCATION

> usually takes place in the premises of the school,

>where a person may learn basic, academic, or trade skills.

Small children often attend a nursery or kindergarten but often formal education begins in elementary school

and continues with secondary school.

CHARACTERISTICS OF FORMAL EDUCATION

- Formal education is structured hierarchically.
- >It is planned and deliberate.
- >Scheduled fees are paid regularly.
- >It has a chronological grading system.
- \succ It has a syllabus and subject-oriented. The syllabus has to be
 - covered within a specific time period.
- >The child is taught by the teachers.

EXAMPLES OF FORMAL EDUCATION

- Learning in a classroom
- School grading/certification, college, and university degrees
- Planned education of different subjects having a proper syllabus acquired by attending the institution.

ADVANTAGES OF FORMAL EDUCATION:

- >An organized educational model and up to date course contents.
- >Students acquire knowledge from trained and professional teachers.
- Structured and systematic learning process.
- >Intermediate and final assessments are ensured to advance students to the next learning phase.
- >Institutions are managerially and physically organized.
- >Leads to a formally recognized certificate.
- Easy access to jobs.

DISADVANTAGES OF FORMAL EDUCATION:

- Sometimes, brilliant students are bored due to the long wait for the expiry of the academic session to promote to the next stage.
- Chance of bad habits' adoption may be alarming due to the presence of both good and bad students in the classroom.
- >Wastage of time as some lazy students may fail to learn properly in spite of motivation by the professional trainers.

- Some unprofessional and non-standard education system may cause the wastage of time and money of the students which leads to the disappointment from formal education and argue them to go for non-formal education.
- Costly and rigid education as compare to other forms of learning

INFORMAL EDUCATION

>It is when you are not studying in a school and

- >do not use any particular learning method.
- > In this type of education, conscious efforts are not involved.
- >It is neither pre-planned nor deliberate.
- It may be learned at some marketplace, hotel or at home.

CHARACTERISTICS OF INFORMAL EDUCATION

- >It is independent of boundary walls.
- >It has no definite syllabus.
- >It is not pre-planned and has no timetable.
- >No fees are required as we get informal education through daily experience and by learning new things.
- >It is a lifelong process in a natural way.
- >The certificates/degrees are not involved and one has no stress for learning the new things.
- You can get from any source such as media, life experiences, friends, family etc.

ADVANTAGES OF INFORMAL EDUCATION

- >More naturally learning process as you can learn at anywhere and at any time from your daily experience.
- It involves activities like individual and personal research on a topic of interest for themselves by utilizing books, libraries, social media, internet or getting assistance from informal trainers.
- >Utilizes a variety of techniques.

>No specific time span.

>Less costly and time-efficient learning process.

>No need to hire experts as most of the professionals may be willing to share their precious knowledge with students/public through social media and the internet.

>Learners can be able to pick up information from books, TV, radio or conversations with their friends/family members.

DISADVANTAGES OF INFORMAL EDUCATION

- Information acquired from the internet, social media, TV, radio or conversations with friends/family members may lead to the disinformation.
- >Utilized techniques may not be appropriate.
- >No proper schedule/time span.
- >Unpredictable results which simply the wastage of time.
- >Lack of confidence in the learner.
- >Absence of discipline, attitude and good habits.

NON-FORMAL EDUCATION

- >It is imparted consciously and deliberately and systematically implemented.
- >It should be organized for a homogeneous group.
- > Non-formal, education should be programmed to serve the needs of the identified group.
- > This will necessitate flexibility in the design of the curriculum and the scheme of evaluation

CHARACTERISTICS OF NON-FORMAL EDUCATION

>The non-formal education is planned and takes place

apart from the school system.

>The timetable and syllabus can be adjustable.

>Unlike theoretical formal education, it is practical

and vocational education.

>Non-formal education has no age limit.

>Fees or certificates may or may not be necessary.

>It may be full time or part-time learning and one can earn

and learn together.

>It involves learning of professional skills.

EXAMPLES OF NON-FORMAL EDUCATION

>Boy Scouts and Girls Guides develop some sports program

such as swimming comes under non-formal education.

>Fitness programs.

Community-based adult education courses.

Free courses for adult education developed by some organization.

ADVANTAGES OF NON-FORMAL EDUCATION

Practical and vocational training.

>Naturally growing minds that do not wait for the system

to amend.

>Literacy with skillfulness growth in which self-learning is appreciated.

Flexibility in age, curriculum and time.

>Open-ended educational system in which both the public

and private sector are involved in the process.

>No need to conduct regular exams.

Diploma, certificates, and award are not essential to be

awarded.

DISADVANTAGES OF NON-FORMAL EDUCATION

- Attendance of participants is unsteady.
- Sometimes, it's just wastage of time as there is no need to conduct the exam on regular basis and no degree/diploma is awarded at the end of the training session.
- Basic reading and writing skills are crucial to learn.

- >No professional and trained teachers.
- Students may not enjoy full confidence as the regular students enjoy.
- Some institutes provide fake certification through online courses just for the sake of earning.